

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education
Burlington School District RE-6J
Burlington, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Burlington School District RE-6J, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Burlington School District RE-6J's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Burlington School District RE-6J, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Comparative Actual Information

Other auditors previously audited the District's 2020 financial statements and expressed unmodified audit opinions on those audited financial statements in their report dated March 29, 2021. In our opinion, based on the report of other auditors, the comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and pension schedules listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

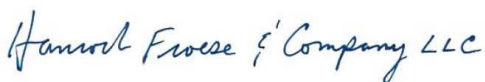
Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Burlington School District RE-6J's basic financial statements. The individual major fund comparative financial statements and the Colorado Department of Education Auditors' Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual major fund comparative financial statements, the Colorado Department of Education Auditors' Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2022, on our consideration of the Burlington School District RE-6J's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Burlington School District RE-6J's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Burlington School District RE-6J's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Hancock Froese & Company LLC

Rocky Ford, Colorado
January 13, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

As management of the Burlington School District RE-6J (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's Annual Financial Report this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in the Independent Auditors' report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position increased by \$2,317,066 in fiscal year 2021. This increase was due to the pension revenue reported for the year ended June 30, 2021. This change in the liability significantly impacted the unrestricted portion of net position.
- Deferred outflows and inflows of resources decreased due to the District's share of the PERA liabilities related to the School Division Trust Fund and Health Care Trust Fund. The recognition of the difference between the expected and actual experience, contributions after the plan measurement date, changes in assumptions, changes in proportionate share, and change in the investment earnings decreased \$45,162 and \$2,822,994 for deferred outflows and inflows of resources, respectively.
- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,647,927 due to the change in the District's share of the pension and OPEB liabilities from participation in PERA.
- General revenues, primarily property taxes and state equalization payments, account for approximately \$6.5 million, 73 percent, of all revenues. Program specific revenues for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$2.4 million or 27 percent of the \$8.9 million in total revenues.
- The general fund ending fund balance is \$3,810,834 which is an increase of \$709,614 from last year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The Burlington School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The financial statements provided are designed to supply the reader an overview of the District's financial activities similar to those statements used in the private sector. The government-wide statements relate to those activities directly related to the education of the students.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities. The difference between the two is reported as net position. Changes in net position from year to year may be used as an indicator of the overall financial position of the District.

The statement of activities presents the current fiscal year revenues and expenses to show how the net position of the district changed during the year. In the statement of activities, changes in net position are recorded when the event occurs. This could mean that information may be reported for revenues and expenses that will result in cash flow differences in future fiscal years.

Governmental activities consolidate all of the following Burlington School District funds: general fund, food services fund, pupil activities fund capital projects building fund and capital projects capital reserve fund.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are designed to display compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts designed to keep control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the District can be divided into one category only: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements emphasize short-term financial resources and fund balances (spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year). Such information is used to evaluate the District's short-term financing requirements. Comparison of the governmental funds with the government-wide funds may allow the reader to better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The assets of the Burlington School District are classified as current assets and capital assets. Cash, investments, receivables, inventories and prepaid expenditures are current assets. These assets are available to provide resources for the near-term operations of the District. Capital assets are used in the operations of the District. These assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment and vehicles.

The following tables provide a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Assets:		
Current Assets	\$ 5,608,965	\$ 4,824,629
Capital Assets	<u>19,340,686</u>	<u>19,736,507</u>
Total Assets	24,949,651	24,561,136
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>1,947,895</u>	<u>1,993,057</u>
Total Assets & Deferred Outflow of Resources	<u>\$26,897,546</u>	<u>\$26,554,193</u>
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	\$ 1,248,380	\$ 1,390,924
Non-Current Liabilities	<u>15,485,912</u>	<u>14,494,087</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>16,734,292</u>	<u>15,885,011</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>4,515,327</u>	<u>7,338,321</u>
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,586,406	13,939,679
Restricted	1,087,896	925,882
Unrestricted	<u>(9,026,375)</u>	<u>(11,534,700)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>5,647,927</u>	<u>3,330,861</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources & Net Position	<u>\$26,897,546</u>	<u>\$26,554,193</u>

Changes in Net Position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020

Following is a summary of the School District's change in net position for the years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 216,335	\$ 266,421
Operating Grants & Contributions	2,077,892	865,052
Capital Grants & Contributions	55,848	4,468,560
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	2,908,218	2,922,314
Specific Ownership Taxes	319,559	279,453
School Finance Act	3,188,785	2,686,241
Earnings (Losses) on Investments	10,865	31,242
Other	<u>98,911</u>	<u>68,464</u>
Total Revenues	<u>8,876,413</u>	<u>11,587,747</u>
Expenses		
Governmental Activities:		
Instruction	3,437,588	3,063,004
Support Service	2,634,986	2,363,468
Food Services	301,859	353,319
Student Activities	<u>184,914</u>	<u>208,234</u>
Total Expenses	<u>6,559,347</u>	<u>5,988,025</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>2,317,066</u>	<u>5,599,722</u>
Net Position – Beginning	3,330,861	(2,479,771)
Prior Period Restatement	<u>-</u>	<u>210,910</u>
Beginning Net Position (As Restated)	<u>3,330,861</u>	<u>(2,268,861)</u>
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 5,647,927</u>	<u>\$ 3,330,861</u>

Governmental Activities

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994. Under this act, the District received \$8,246 per funded student. In fiscal year 2020-2021, the funded pupil count was 724.3. Funding for the School Finance Act comes from property taxes, specific ownership taxes and state equalization. The District received approximately 36 percent of its total funding/revenues from state equalization while the remaining amount comes from property taxes, specific ownership taxes, charges for services, grants and contributions and other.

Governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 increased the Burlington School District 's net position by \$2,317,066.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of Burlington School District 's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the major governmental fund of the Burlington School District . The general fund includes the general fund and the preschool fund. As of June 30, 2021, the general fund shows an ending fund balance of \$3,810,834 up from \$3,101,220 for the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Burlington School District began budget development for the 2020-2021 fiscal year in January 2020 with analysis of enrollment projections and current revenue assumptions. The budget committee, consisting of stakeholders from the schools and the community prioritized the needs of the District. The preliminary budget was presented to the Board of Education in May 2020. Adoption of the 2020-2021 budget occurred in June 2020 with revisions made in January 2021. Several supplemental budgets were adopted for the year ending June 30, 2021 because of additional funding and expenditures in the general fund. For the year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Food Services Fund and the Building Fund.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The District's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$13,586,406. This is a total cost of \$28,784,573, less accumulated depreciation of \$9,443,887 and capital lease of \$5,754,380. This net investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and capital leases all with an original cost greater than \$2,500. Additional information of the District's capital assets can be found in this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The budget for 2021-2022 will continue to see an increase in revenues primarily due to funding for COVID-19. The majority of the increase in revenues that will be received by the district will be offset by the increase in expenditures in technology equipment, stipends and other expenses associated with remote learning and COVID-19 impacts.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Manager, Burlington School District, 2600 Rose Ave, Burlington, CO 80807.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

	<u>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</u>
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,746,678
Investments	247,507
Restricted cash	892,296
Cash with fiscal agent	34,235
Taxes receivable	104,600
Grants receivable	553,019
Other receivables	29,716
Inventories	914
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<u>5,608,965</u>
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Capital assets not being depreciated	41,987
Capital assets being depreciated	28,742,586
Accumulated depreciation	(9,443,887)
CAPITAL ASSETS NET OF DEPRECIATION	<u>19,340,686</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>24,949,651</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related amounts	1,896,392
OPEB related amounts	51,503
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>1,947,895</u>
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	87,337
Accrued interest	1,947
Accrued salaries and benefits	634,198
Unearned revenues	524,898
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>1,248,380</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Due within one year	340,862
Due in more than one year	15,145,050
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>15,485,912</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>16,734,292</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related amounts	4,277,318
OPEB related amounts	238,009
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>4,515,327</u>
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	13,586,406
Restricted	1,087,896
Unrestricted (deficit)	(9,026,375)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	<u>\$ 5,647,927</u>

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	PROGRAM REVENUES				GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
Instruction	\$ 3,437,588	\$ 8,488	\$ 1,568,515	\$ 55,848	\$ (1,804,737)
Support services	2,634,986	-	46,199	-	(2,588,787)
Food services operations	301,859	12,396	463,178	-	173,715
Student activities	184,914	195,451	-	-	10,537
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,559,347	\$ 216,335	\$ 2,077,892	\$ 55,848	(4,209,272)
			GENERAL REVENUES		
				Property Taxes	2,908,218
				Specific Ownership Taxes	319,559
				School finance act	3,188,785
				Earnings (losses) on investments	10,865
				Other	98,911
				TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	6,526,338
				CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,317,066
				NET POSITION - BEGINNING	3,330,861
				NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 5,647,927

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2021

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
		FOOD SERVICES FUND	PUPIL ACTIVITIES FUND	BUILDING FUND	CAPITAL RESERVE PROJECTS FUND	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,263,149	\$ 132,178	\$ 178,833	\$ 28,195	\$ 144,323	\$ 3,746,678
Investments	247,507	-	-	-	-	247,507
Restricted cash	892,296	-	-	-	-	892,296
Cash with fiscal agent	34,235	-	-	-	-	34,235
Taxes receivable	104,600	-	-	-	-	104,600
Grants receivable	492,486	60,533	-	-	-	553,019
Other receivables	26,714	3,002	-	-	-	29,716
Inventory	-	914	-	-	-	914
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,060,987	\$ 196,627	\$ 178,833	\$ 28,195	\$ 144,323	\$ 5,608,965
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 13,439	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,898	\$ -	\$ 87,337
Accrued salaries and benefits	608,207	25,991	-	-	-	634,198
Unearned revenue	523,907	991	-	-	-	524,898
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,145,553	26,982	-	73,898	-	1,246,433
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue - property taxes	104,600	-	-	-	-	104,600
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	-	914	-	-	-	914
Restricted for:						
Debt service	892,296	-	-	-	-	892,296
TABOR	195,600	-	-	-	-	195,600
Committed	-	168,731	178,833	-	144,323	491,887
Unassigned	2,722,938	-	-	(45,703)	-	2,677,235
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	3,810,834	169,645	178,833	(45,703)	144,323	4,257,932
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 5,060,987	\$ 196,627	\$ 178,833	\$ 28,195	\$ 144,323	\$ 5,608,965

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

Governmental funds total fund balances		\$ 4,257,932
Unearned property tax revenue. Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are deferred on the governmental fund financial statements but recognized on the government wide financial statements.		104,600
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not considered current financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.		28,784,573
Accumulated depreciation is not recognized in the governmental funds because capital assets are expensed at the time of acquisition.		(9,443,887)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Compensated absences	\$ (99,087)	
Capital leases	(5,754,380)	
Accrued interest payable	(1,947)	
Net pension liabilities	(9,294,548)	
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related amounts	1,896,392	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related amounts	(4,277,318)	
Net OPEB liabilities	(337,897)	
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related amounts	51,503	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related amounts	(238,009)	
	<u>(18,055,291)</u>	
Governmental activities net position (deficit)		<u>\$ 5,647,927</u>

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
	GENERAL	FOOD SERVICES FUND	PUPIL ACTIVITIES FUND	BUILDING FUND	CAPITAL RESERVE PROJECTS FUND	
REVENUES						
Local sources	\$ 3,240,999	\$ 12,396	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 442	\$ 3,253,837
State sources	3,459,019	-	-	39,165	-	3,498,184
Federal sources	1,361,162	463,178	-	-	-	1,824,340
Student activities	-	-	195,451	-	-	195,451
TOTAL REVENUES	8,061,180	475,574	195,451	39,165	442	8,771,812
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	3,984,958	-	-	-	-	3,984,958
Support services	3,243,685	-	-	-	-	3,243,685
Capital outlay	54,490	-	-	66,398	-	120,888
Debt service	-	-	-	68,432	-	68,432
Food service operations	-	346,873	-	-	-	346,873
Student activities	-	-	184,914	-	-	184,914
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,283,133	346,873	184,914	134,830	-	7,949,750
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	778,047	128,701	10,537	(95,665)	442	822,062
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer out	(68,433)	-	-	-	-	(68,433)
Transfer in	-	-	-	68,433	-	68,433
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(68,433)	-	-	68,433	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	709,614	128,701	10,537	(27,232)	442	822,062
FUND BALANCE JULY 1	3,101,220	40,944	168,296	(18,471)	143,881	3,435,870
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30	\$ 3,810,834	\$ 169,645	\$ 178,833	\$ (45,703)	\$ 144,323	\$ 4,257,932

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO
THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

Governmental funds changes in fund balances	\$	822,062	
Unearned property tax revenue. Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are deferred on the governmental fund statements but recognized on the government - wide financial statements.			104,600
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. This is the amount by which capital outlays differ from depreciation in the current period.			
Capitalized expenditures	\$	120,888	
Depreciation expense		<u>(516,710)</u>	
			(395,822)
Unearned property taxes of the prior year. Property taxes earned but deferred in the prior year and recognized in the current year are recognized in the prior year net position on the statement of activities.			-
The governmental funds report debt proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure. Interest expense is recognized as it accrued in the statement of activities regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences is as follows:			
Repayment of Debt Principal	\$	42,448	
Interest Expense		<u>219</u>	
			42,667
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used or due (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount represents the net effect of compensated absences, and pension related amounts on the statement of activities.			
Compensated absences	\$	14,704	
Pension related amounts		1,767,515	
OPEB related amounts		<u>(38,660)</u>	
			<u>1,743,559</u>
Governmental activities change in net position	\$		<u><u>2,317,066</u></u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Burlington School District RE-6J (the "District") is governed by an elected five-member Board of Education. The District is the lowest level of government, which is considered to be financially accountable over all activities related to public school education in Burlington, Colorado. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. The Board of Education members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

Accounting Principles

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The inclusion or exclusion of component units is based on a determination of the elected official's financial accountability to their constituents, and whether the financial reporting entity follows the same accountability. Further, the financial statements of the reporting entity should enable the reader to distinguish between the primary government and any discretely presented component units, if applicable. The criteria used for determining whether an entity should be included, either blended or discretely presented, includes but is not limited to, fiscal dependency with a financial benefit or burden relationship, imposition of will, legal standing and the primary recipient of services.

The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB No. 14 and amended by GASB No. 39 and GASB No. 61. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present the District (the primary government) and its component units, if applicable.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Not reflected in the accompanying financial statements is the District's participation in the East Central Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is an organization that provides member districts educational services at a shared lower cost per district.

The District in conjunction with other local school districts has created a Board of Cooperative Educational Services. The Board is composed of one member from each of the participating school districts. The Board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture. The BOCES is not included as a component unit of the District as the financial responsibility is minimal, there is no financial interdependency, the District does not have the ability to significantly influence the operations of the BOCES and the District is not accountable for fiscal matters of the BOCES.

Each member pays a \$2,500 membership fee and then contributes additional monies in the relationship their student enrollment is to the total enrollment of all the members. The District has paid \$344,063 to BOCES during the fiscal year in exchange for services. Complete financial statements may be obtained by writing to: East Central BOCES, 820 2nd Street, P.O. Box 910, Limon, CO 80828-0910.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are: General Fund, Food Services Fund, Pupil Activities Fund, Building Fund and Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets and unassigned fund balance as a measure of available spendable resources. This means that only current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available if collected within 60 days after year-end.

Property taxes are reported as receivables and deferred revenue when levied and as revenues when due for collection in the following year and determined to be available.

Grants and entitlement revenues are recognized when compliance with matching requirements is met. A receivable is established when the related expenditures exceed revenue receipts and a deferred revenue/unearned revenue exists when assets have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized, since the assets are not collected within the current period.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred with the exception of general obligation and capital lease debt service which is recognized when due and certain accrued sick and personal pay which are accounted for as expenditures when expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. The District's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The major funds presented in the accompanying basic financial statements are as follows:

General Fund

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District; used to account for all resources that are not legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. Activities relating to the Preschool fund has been included in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Special Revenue Funds consist of the following:

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Food Services Fund – Accounts for all financial activities associated with the District’s school breakfast and lunch programs. Revenues include federal and state grants and food sales.

Pupil Activities Fund – Is used to account for the various activities of the students and other restricted funds. These activities are supported in whole or in part by revenues from pupils, gate receipts and other fund-raising activities.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The use of the term capital outlay allows for the inclusion of expenditures for items that are capital in nature but may not qualify for financial reporting as capital assets under a government’s capitalization policy. The capital projects fund excludes those types of capital-related outflows financed by other funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Capital Projects Funds consist of the following:

Building Fund – This fund is used to account for BEST Grant funded capital improvements.

Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund was established to account for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and equipment other than those financed by trust funds or through bond proceeds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District’s cash and cash equivalents represent amounts on deposit with financial institutions or held by the District. The District’s cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash is pooled in interest bearing accounts which are comprised of certificates of deposit, savings accounts, and money market accounts which are legally authorized.

Investments

The District is allowed to invest in the following types of investments: short-term certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market deposit accounts, mutual funds, government pools, and U.S. Treasury Obligations. The District’s investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. In the fund financial statements, these receivables and payables are classified as “due from other funds” or “due to other funds” on the balance sheet. All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Intergovernmental receivables include amounts due from grantors for specific program grants. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred. Property taxes levied in 2021, but not collected within 60 days, are identified as property taxes receivable.

Inventories

Inventories recorded in the Food Service Fund, as applicable, consist of purchased and donated commodities. Purchased inventories are stated at cost using the first-in first-out method of determining cost. Donated inventories, received at no cost under a program supported by the Federal Government, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt.

The cost of all inventories is recorded as an asset when the individual inventory items are purchased and as an expenditure or expense when consumed.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, vehicles and equipment, are utilized for general District operations and are capitalized at actual or estimated cost. Donations of such assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the time of donation. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor renovations are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Major additions and improvements are capitalized. When assets used in the operation of the governmental fund types are sold, the proceeds of the sale are recorded as revenues in the appropriate fund. The District does not capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets.

The monetary threshold for capitalization of assets is \$2,500. The District's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the fixed assets. Estimated useful lives are:

	<u>Years</u>
Vehicles	7-10
Other Equipment	5-25
Buildings and improvements	10-50

Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities statement of net position. The District's capital leases are serviced from property taxes and other revenues of the General Fund and the Capital Projects Funds.

Accrued Vacation and Sick Pay

The District allows eligible employees to carryover unused vacation of up to 30 days. Certified employees earn 10 days per year, while classified staff earn between 5 and 12 days per year dependent on employment status. During the third year of employment and thereafter, any unused leave over 30 days will be paid at \$50 per day at the end of the school year. Upon termination, the full accumulation is paid. The estimated liability is reflected as a long-term liability. Payments for unused leave are typically funded through the General Fund.

At the end of the fiscal year an accrual exists for the outstanding hours accumulated and not paid out. Accrued vacation and sick leave are payable upon resignation, termination, retirement, or death from current resources.

In accordance with the governmental accounting standards, the District has recorded the accrued liability for vacation pay in the accompanying district wide financial statements. The amounts are accrued as expenses when incurred in the funds of the District.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities of net position. Net pension liabilities and Net OPEB liability, associated with the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF) and Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) administered by PERA, represent the District's proportionate share of total pension/OPEB liabilities less the fiduciary net position. Amounts have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension related deferred outflows and inflows are reported as such and will be recognized in the collective pension expense in subsequent years. The employer portions of contributions made to the SCHDTF and HCTF are reported as benefit expenditures in the current period.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues represent assets received (measurable) but not yet earned. In the statement of net position, unearned revenues represent grant funds received, but not yet earned as the related service has not yet been provided.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Revenue

Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental funds represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period, or in the case of property taxes, levied for a future period. Deferred revenue consists of the succeeding year's property taxes.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category which is for pension and OPEB related amounts.

Pension Related - Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources include the following:

Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 510,689
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	894,107
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment	
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-
Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date	<u>491,596</u>
Total Pension Related Deferred Outflows	<u>\$ 1,896,392</u>

More information on pension related items is included in Note 7.

OPEB Related - Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources include the following:

Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 897
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	2,525
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment	
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	22,858
Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date	<u>25,223</u>
Total OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	<u>\$ 51,503</u>

More information on OPEB related items is included in Note 9.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items reported in this category.

Property Taxes - The item, property taxes levied for subsequent years, arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Property tax revenue is considered a deferred inflow of resources in the year the taxes are levied and measurable, and are recognized as an inflow of resources in the period they are collected.

Pension Related - Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources include the following:

Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(2,495,063)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment	
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	<u>(1,782,255)</u>
Total Pension Related Deferred Inflows	<u>\$ (4,277,318)</u>

More information on pension related items is included in Note 7.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

OPEB Related - Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources include the following:

Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ (69,905)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(20,720)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment	
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	<u>(147,384)</u>
Total OPEB Related Deferred Inflows	<u>\$ (238,009)</u>

More information on OPEB related items is included in Note 9.

Fund Balance

In the government-wide and fund financial statements, net position and fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are externally imposed. GASB Statement Number 54, "*Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*", is intended to improve the usefulness of information provided to financial report users about fund balance by providing clearer, more structured fund balance classifications and by clarifying the definitions of existing governmental fund types. As a result, fund balances are reported in classifications based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints for the specific purposes on which amounts in the fund can be spent.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used:

Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or required to be maintained intact;

Restricted fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint;

Assigned fund balance - amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;

Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

The Board of Education establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Assigned fund balance is established through the adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes.

The Board of Education establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Assigned fund balance is established through the adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available in governmental funds, the District applies expenditures against restricted fund balance first, and followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance.

Preschool - This reserve of fund balance is the amount of fund balance from the Preschool Fund, which is a sub-fund of the General Fund. Beginning in fiscal year 2002, the State of Colorado mandated separate fund accounting for the Colorado Preschool Program. The program serves children in need of language development or social development, or who are receiving aid as neglected or dependent children.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. For the year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Food Services Fund and the Building Fund.

The District adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Budgets are required by state law for all funds. By May 31, the Superintendent of Schools submits to the Board of Education a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted by the Board of Education to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by formal resolution.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.
- Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
- Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or amended by the Board of Education.
- Encumbrance accounting is not utilized

NOTE - 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The District's investment policies are approved by the Board of Education and governed by Colorado statute. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories; state regulators determined eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2021, \$4,146,044 of the District's bank balance of \$4,711,989 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution through PDPA.

At June 30, 2021, the District's bank balance and corresponding carrying balance were as follows:

	Carrying Balance	Bank Balance
Insured (FDIC)	\$ 566,296	\$ 565,946
Uninsured, Collateralized under the Public Deposit Protection Act	4,072,678	4,146,044
Cash on Hand	-	-
	\$ 4,638,974	\$ 4,711,990

The carrying amount is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental Activities – Unrestricted Cash	\$ 3,746,678
Governmental Activities – Restricted Cash	892,296
	\$ 4,638,974

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

At June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments:

	<u>Investments</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
COLO Trust	External Investment Pool	Under 60 Day Avg.	\$ 247,507

Credit Risk - State law limits investments for school districts to U.S. treasury issues, other federally backed notes and credits, and other agency offerings (not based on derivatives) without limitation. Other investment instruments including bank obligations, general obligation bonds, and commercial paper are limited to at least one of the highest rating categories of at least one nationally recognized rating agency. State law further limits investments in money market funds that are organized according to the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as specified in rule 2a-7, as amended, as long as such rule does not increase remaining maturities beyond a maximum of three years. Investments in these funds require that the institution have assets in excess of \$1 billion or the highest credit rating from one or more of a nationally recognized rating agency. The investment in COLOTrust were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk - The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss resulting from increasing interest rates. Specifically, all securities are limited to a maximum maturity of five years from the date of purchase unless the governing body authorizes a longer period.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District does not have a formal policy restricting the amount that can be invested in any issuer.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs and; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has no recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021.

- COLOTRUST – Investments in this external investment pool are reported at \$1 net asset value per share and are not subject to fair value measurement. The investment is reported at cost.

NOTE - 3 PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on December 15 and attach as a lien on property the following January 1. They are payable in full by April 30 or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15. The County bills and collects property taxes for all taxing districts in the County. The property tax receipts collected by the County are remitted to the District in the subsequent month. Property taxes that are uncollected at the end of the fiscal year are expected to be utilized as a financing source in the following fiscal year and are reported as receivable and deferred revenue.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	<u>Balances June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balances June 30, 2021</u>
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 41,987	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,987
Construction in Process	<u>9,271,922</u>	<u>66,398</u>	<u>(9,338,320)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total non-depreciable assets	<u>9,313,909</u>	<u>66,398</u>	<u>(9,338,320)</u>	<u>41,987</u>
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings	15,248,070	9,338,321	-	24,586,391
Site Improvements	1,788,967	-	-	1,788,967
Equipment	1,276,680	54,490	-	1,331,170
Vehicles	<u>1,036,058</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,036,058</u>
Total depreciable assets	<u>19,349,775</u>	<u>9,392,811</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>28,742,586</u>
Less accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(6,243,806)	(375,186)	-	(6,618,992)
Buildings	(755,698)	(74,005)	-	(829,703)
Equipment	(1,090,913)	(40,613)	-	(1,131,526)
Vehicles	<u>(836,760)</u>	<u>(26,906)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(863,666)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(8,927,177)</u>	<u>(516,710)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,443,887)</u>
Total capital assets net	<u>\$ 19,736,507</u>	<u>\$ 8,942,499</u>	<u>\$ (9,338,320)</u>	<u>\$ 19,340,686</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 449,013
Food service operations	178
Support services	<u>67,519</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$ 516,710</u>

NOTE - 5 ACCRUED SALARIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, at June 30, 2021, was \$634,198. Accordingly, the accrued salaries and benefits is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements of the General Fund for \$608,207 and in the Food Service Fund for \$25,991.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 6 LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of general long-term debt for the District as of June 30, 2021:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
<u>Governmental activities:</u>					
2017 Lease Payable (QZAB)	\$ 5,048,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,048,000	\$ 296,941
2019 Lease Payable	748,828	-	(42,448)	706,380	43,921
PERA Net Pension Liability	8,181,166	1,113,382	-	9,294,548	-
PERA Net OPEB Liability	402,302	-	(64,405)	337,897	-
Accrued Compensated Absences	113,791	-	(14,704)	99,087	-
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$14,494,087</u>	<u>\$ 1,113,382</u>	<u>\$ (121,557)</u>	<u>\$15,485,912</u>	<u>\$ 340,862</u>

2017 Lease Payable (QZAB) – On December 20, 2017, the District entered into a sale/lease purchase to comply with a Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB) through the State of Colorado which is interest free. The amount of the lease was for \$5,048,000 and calls for annual escrow payments of \$296,941 for seventeen years through final maturity in December 2038. Payments are scheduled to be made by the General Fund.

Annual escrow payments due are as follow:

	<u>ESCROW PAYMENTS</u>		
	<u>PRINCIPAL</u>	<u>INTEREST</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
2022	\$ 296,941	\$ -	\$ 296,941
2023	296,941	-	296,941
2024	296,941	-	296,941
2025	296,941	-	296,941
2026	296,941	-	296,941
2027-2031	1,484,705	-	1,484,705
2032-2035	<u>1,187,767</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,187,767</u>
	4,157,177	\$ -	\$ 4,157,177
Restricted Cash - Held in Escrow Account	<u>890,823</u>		
Total Outstanding as of June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 5,048,000</u>		

Deposits made for fiscal years 2019 through 2021 totaling \$890,823 are included as restricted cash in the General Fund for a total future liability of \$5,048,000.

2019 Lease Payable – On June 3, 2019, the District entered into a capital lease arrangement for the purchase of equipment. The amount of the lease was for \$1,026,492 and requires annual payments through 2034 of \$68,433 including 3.47% interest. Payments are scheduled to be made by the General Fund.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follow:

	<u>PRINCIPAL</u>	<u>INTEREST</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
2022	\$ 43,921	\$ 24,512	\$ 68,433
2023	45,446	22,987	68,433
2024	47,022	21,411	68,433
2025	48,654	19,779	68,433
2026	50,342	18,091	68,433
2027-2031	279,160	63,005	342,165
2032-2034	<u>191,835</u>	<u>13,464</u>	<u>205,299</u>
	<u>\$ 706,380</u>	<u>\$ 183,249</u>	<u>\$ 889,629</u>

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. Burlington School District RE-6J participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years*. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 made changes to certain benefit provisions. Most of these changes were in effect as of June 30, 2021.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Burlington School District RE-6J are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2020. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

As of December 31, 2020, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2021: Eligible employees of, Burlington School District RE-6J and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.00 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2020 Through June 30, 2021
Employer Contribution Rate	10.90%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.88%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF	19.88%

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. House Bill (HB) 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020 for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Burlington School District RE-6J is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from Burlington School District RE-6J were \$740,398 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2020. The Burlington School District RE-6J proportion of the net pension liability was based on Burlington School District RE-6J contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

Due to the aforementioned suspension of the July 1, 2020, direct distribution payment, the nonemployer contributing entity's proportion is zero percent. Pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the direct distribution payment from the State of Colorado is to recommence annually starting on July 1, 2021. For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation.

At June 30, 2021, the Burlington School District RE-6J reported a liability of \$9,294,548 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The amount recognized by the Burlington School District RE-6J as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Burlington School District RE-6J were as follows:

Burlington School District RE-6J proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,294,548
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the Burlington School District RE-6J	-
Total	9,294,548

At December 31, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.06148 percent, which was an increase of 0.00672 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Burlington School District RE-6J recognized pension revenue of \$1,027,117 and revenue of \$0 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2021, the Burlington School District RE-6J reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 510,689	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	894,107	(2,495,063)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	(1,782,255)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	491,596	N/A
Total	1,896,392	(4,277,318)

\$491,596 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021:	
2022	\$ (565,996)
2023	(682,257)
2024	(941,335)
2025	(682,934)
2026	-
Thereafter	(2,872,522)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 – 9.70 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.25 percent
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.30 percent
Real wage growth	0.70 percent
Wage inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40 – 11.00 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.25 percent
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

Salary scale assumptions were revised to align with revised economic assumptions and to more closely reflect actual experience.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a benefit-weighted basis

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020: follows:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

¹ The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020.

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded. HB 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020, for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE - 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Burlington School District RE-6J proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,678,524	\$ 9,294,548	\$ 6,474,580

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE – 8 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the Burlington School District RE-6J that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S, as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available Annual Report which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. In addition, the Burlington School District RE-6J has agreed to match employee contributions up to 0.00 percent of covered salary as determined by the Internal Revenue Service. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2021, program members contributed \$2,928 and Burlington School District RE-6J recognized pension expense and a liability of \$0 and \$0, respectively, for the Voluntary Investment Program.

NOTE - 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. Burlington School District RE-6J participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Burlington School District RE-6J are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Burlington School District RE-6J is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from Burlington School District RE-6J were \$37,988 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the Burlington School District RE-6J reported a liability of \$337,897 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2020. The Burlington School District RE-6J proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on Burlington School District RE-6J contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2020, the Burlington School District RE-6J proportion was 0.03556 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00023 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Burlington School District RE-6J recognized OPEB expense of \$76,648. At June 30, 2021, the Burlington School District RE-6J reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$897	\$(69,905)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	2,525	(20,720)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	22,858	(147,384)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	25,223	N/A
Total	51,503	(238,009)

\$25,223 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021:	
2022	\$ (33,458)
2023	(33,458)
2024	(33,851)
2025	(34,535)
2026	(34,673)
Thereafter	(41,754)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	8.10% in 2020, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50% in 2020, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2019, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2020 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Medicare Plan	Initial Costs for Members without Medicare Part A		
	Monthly Cost	Monthly Premium	Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Rx	\$588	\$227	\$550
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	621	232	586

The 2020 Medicare Part A premium is \$458 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2019, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2020	8.10%	3.50%
2021	6.40%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	4.00%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period of January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total OPEB liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

Medicare Plan	Trust Fund			
	State Division	School Division	Local Government Division	Judicial Division
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
Price Inflation	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:				
Members other than State Troopers	3.30% - 10.90%	3.40% - 11.00%	3.20% - 11.30%	2.80% - 5.30%
State Troopers	3.20% - 12.40%	N/A	3.20% - 12.40% ¹	N/A

¹ C.R.S. § 24-51-101 (46), as amended, expanded the definition of “State Troopers” to include certain employees within the Local Government Division, effective January 1, 2020. See Note 4 of the Notes to the Financial Statements in PERA’s 2020 Annual Report for more information.

The long-term rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation and discount rate assumptions were 7.25 percent.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

Mortality assumptions used in the roll forward calculations for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF, using a headcount-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 90 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 87 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 107 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for Members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a head-count weighted basis.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2020 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by the Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

¹ The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the Burlington School District RE-6J proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 329,164	\$ 337,897	\$ 348,064

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2020, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE – 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Burlington School District RE-6J proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 387,067	\$ 337,897	\$ 295,885

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's CAFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE -10 NET POSITION

Restricted net position represents net position whose users are subject to constraints that are either 1.) legally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2.) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net position at June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities
3% Statutory Reserve - TABOR	\$ 195,600
Preschool	-
Debt Service	<u>892,296</u>
	<u>\$ 1,087,896</u>

Restricted for TABOR Reserve – This represents approximately 3% of the District's 2021 fiscal year spending as that term is defined in the Colorado constitution. Under these provisions of the constitution, this portion of the District's net position can be used for declared emergencies only and the District must maintain 3% or more of its spending in this restricted account. The District does not believe this restriction meets the definition of a stabilization arrangement under generally accepted accounting principles.

Restricted for Preschool – This represents money received from the State of Colorado that is mandated for the Colorado Preschool Program. The program serves children in need of language development or social development, or who are receiving aid as neglected or dependent children.

Restricted for Debt Service – The District is required to make annual escrow payments of \$296,941 for seventeen years through final maturity in December 2038.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE -11 FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2021, fund balances for governmental funds consist of the following:

	Restricted Fund Balance				Total
	Emergencies	Preschool	Future Expenditures		
	TABOR		Food Services	Debt Service	
General Fund	\$ 195,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 892,296	\$ 1,087,896
Food Services Fund	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 195,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 892,296	\$ 1,087,896

	Committed/Assigned Fund Balance			
	Committed			Assigned
	Food Services	Student Activities	Capital Projects	Total
Food Services Fund	\$ 168,731	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Pupil Activities Fund	-	178,833	-	-
Capital Reserve/Projects Fund	-	-	144,323	-
Total	\$ 168,731	\$ 178,833	\$ 144,323	\$ -

NOTE -12 TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that collects them to specific programs accounted for in other funds, in accordance with budget authorization. Transferred funds are without recourse. Transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount
General	Building Fund	\$ 68,433

NOTE -13 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District receives revenues from various Federal and State grant programs, which are subject to final review and approval as to allowability by the respective grantor agency. Management believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE -14 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of; damage to; and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Colorado School Districts Self Insurance Pool

For liability and property claims, the District is involved with the Colorado School Districts Self Insurance Pool, a separate and independent governmental and legal entity formed by intergovernmental agreement by member districts. The purposes of the Pool are to provide members defined liability, property, and workers compensation coverage and to assist members to prevent and reduce losses and injuries to property and to persons or property which might result in claims being made against members of the Pool, their employees and officers.

It is the intent of the members of the Pool to create an entity in perpetuity which will administer and use funds contributed by the members to defend and indemnify, in accordance with the bylaws, any member of the Pool against stated liability of loss, to the limit of the financial resources of the Pool. It is also the intent of the members to have the Pool provide continuing stability and availability of needed coverage at reasonable costs. All income and assets of the Pool shall be at all times dedicated to the exclusive benefit of its members.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE -14 RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Colorado School Districts Self Insurance Pool (Continued)

The District is a member of the Colorado School Districts Self Insurance Pool, which operates as a self-insurance pool comprised of various School Districts and other related public educational entities within the State of Colorado. The District pays an annual premium to the Pool for its property and liability insurance.

The Pool is a separate legal entity and the District does not approve budgets nor does it have ability to significantly affect the operations of the Pool.

Other Insurance

For Workers' Compensation, health, accident, and other types of insurance programs maintained by the District, commercial insurance companies are utilized. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the last three years.

NOTE -15 TAX SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention on such revenue.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits and qualifications as an enterprise will require judicial interpretation. Accordingly, the possibility exists that the District's interpretation of certain TABOR provisions may subsequently be determined to be incorrect.

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed Article X, Section 20, (the Tabor Amendment), to the State Constitution which limits state and local government tax powers and imposes spending limitations. The District is subject to the Amendment. In November 1997, voters within the District passed a ballot issue which allows the District to collect, retain, and expend all revenues collected or received for the 1996-97 fiscal year and each subsequent year thereafter.

NOTE -16 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the report date, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events after that date have not been evaluated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2020)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	2021 ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2020 ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$ 4,044,000	\$ 4,044,000	\$ 3,240,999	\$ (803,001)	\$ 3,333,840
State sources	2,470,309	2,470,309	3,459,019	988,710	3,052,236
Federal sources	754,315	754,315	1,361,162	606,847	160,554
TOTAL REVENUES	7,268,624	7,268,624	8,061,180	792,556	6,546,630
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	4,000,501	4,569,163	3,984,958	584,205	3,629,028
Supporting services:					
Pupils	317,276	338,391	296,226	42,165	301,445
Instruction staff	297,957	841,713	880,106	(38,393)	408,472
General administration	370,606	370,606	380,198	(9,592)	445,589
School administration	488,762	522,108	432,828	89,280	473,393
Other business services	104,583	104,583	92,507	12,076	108,562
Operations and maintenance	855,564	883,652	893,627	(9,975)	802,609
Pupil transportation	290,030	290,501	224,528	65,973	334,353
Support services	351,941	351,941	43,665	308,276	60,161
Capital outlay	-	-	54,490	(54,490)	-
Appropriated reserves	321,950	321,950	-	321,950	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,399,170	8,594,608	7,283,133	1,311,475	6,563,612
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(130,546)	(1,325,984)	778,047	2,104,031	(16,982)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers out	(407,000)	(407,000)	(68,433)	338,567	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(537,546)	(1,732,984)	709,614	2,442,598	(16,982)
FUND BALANCE JULY 1	3,101,220	3,101,220	3,101,220	-	3,118,202
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30	\$ 2,563,674	\$ 1,368,236	\$ 3,810,834	\$ 2,442,598	\$ 3,101,220

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

FOOD SERVICES FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2020)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	2021 ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2020 ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Meal charges					
Students and faculty	\$ 47,800	\$ 47,800	\$ 12,396	\$ (35,404)	\$ 42,331
Special events	-	-	-	-	1,492
Federal reimbursement	249,633	249,633	463,178	213,545	302,432
State reimbursement	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)	7,064
Other	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	302,433	302,433	475,574	173,141	353,319
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries and benefits	155,283	155,283	158,211	(2,928)	148,648
Food	168,000	168,000	159,292	8,708	167,570
Supplies	9,050	9,050	4,094	4,956	5,678
Commodities	7,100	7,100	24,056	(16,956)	20,856
Repairs and maintenance	3,000	3,000	1,220	1,780	331
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	342,433	342,433	346,873	(4,440)	343,083
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(40,000)	(40,000)	128,701	168,701	10,236
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfer in (out)	40,000	40,000	-	(40,000)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	128,701	128,701	10,236
FUND BALANCE JULY 1	40,944	40,944	40,944	-	30,708
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30	\$ 40,944	\$ 40,944	\$ 169,645	\$ 128,701	\$ 40,944

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

PUPIL ACTIVITIES FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2020)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	2021 ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2020 ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Student activities	\$ 486,076	\$ 486,076	\$ 195,451	\$ (290,625)	\$ 208,234
EXPENDITURES					
Student activities	<u>465,882</u>	<u>465,882</u>	<u>184,914</u>	<u>280,968</u>	<u>250,848</u>
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	20,194	20,194	10,537	(9,657)	(42,614)
FUND BALANCE JULY 1	<u>168,296</u>	<u>168,296</u>	<u>168,296</u>	-	<u>210,910</u>
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30	<u>\$ 188,490</u>	<u>\$ 188,490</u>	<u>\$ 178,833</u>	<u>\$ (9,657)</u>	<u>\$ 168,296</u>

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

BUILDING FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2020)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	2021 ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2020 ACTUAL
REVENUES					
State sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,165	\$ 39,165	\$ 4,448,608
Other	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	-	-	39,165	39,165	4,448,608
EXPENDITURES					
Facilities - capital outlay	-	-	66,398	(66,398)	5,100,976
Debt service - interest	25,984	25,984	25,984	-	27,261
Debt service - principal	42,448	42,448	42,448	-	41,172
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	68,432	68,432	134,830	(66,398)	5,169,409
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(68,432)	(68,432)	(95,665)	(27,233)	(720,801)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in (out)	296,941	296,941	68,433	(228,508)	770,883
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	228,509	228,509	(27,232)	(255,741)	50,082
FUND BALANCE JULY 1	(18,471)	(18,471)	(18,471)	-	(68,553)
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30	\$ 210,038	\$ 210,038	\$ (45,703)	\$ (255,741)	\$ (18,471)

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

CAPITAL RESERVE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2020)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	2021 ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2020 ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,635
Other	-	-	442	442	1,321
TOTAL REVENUES	-	-	442	442	30,956
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	269,941	269,941	-	269,941	130,161
Major repairs	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	269,941	269,941	-	269,941	130,161
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(269,941)	(269,941)	442	270,383	(99,205)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in (out)	269,941	269,941	-	(269,941)	(770,883)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	269,941	269,941	-	(269,941)	(770,883)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	442	442	(870,088)
FUND BALANCE JULY 1	143,881	143,881	143,881	-	1,013,969
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30	\$ 143,881	\$ 143,881	\$ 144,323	\$ 442	\$ 143,881

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE - SCHOOL DIVISION TRUST FUND

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.061480%	0.054761%	0.056678%	0.066023%	0.069547%	0.071267%	0.073062%	0.073410%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,294,548	\$ 8,181,166	\$10,036,042	\$21,349,467	\$20,706,852	\$10,899,714	\$ 9,902,369	\$ 9,363,438
State's Proportionate Share of the net pension liability	-	920,875	847,660	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 9,294,548</u>	<u>\$ 9,102,041</u>	<u>\$10,883,702</u>	<u>\$21,349,467</u>	<u>\$20,706,852</u>	<u>\$10,899,714</u>	<u>\$ 9,902,369</u>	<u>\$ 9,363,438</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,724,333	\$ 3,197,343	\$ 3,115,907	\$ 3,045,293	\$ 3,121,395	\$ 3,105,782	\$ 3,060,779	\$ 2,959,401
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	249.56%	255.87%	322.09%	701.06%	663.38%	350.95%	323.52%	316.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.99%	64.52%	57.01%	43.96%	43.13%	59.16%	62.84%	64.07%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

The schedule is presented to show information for ten years. Until information for the full ten-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - SCHOOL DIVISION TRUST FUND

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 740,398	\$ 619,645	\$ 596,073	\$ 567,338	\$ 565,909	\$ 538,232	\$ 502,886	\$ 459,595
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(740,398)</u>	<u>(619,645)</u>	<u>(596,073)</u>	<u>(567,338)</u>	<u>(565,909)</u>	<u>(538,232)</u>	<u>(502,886)</u>	<u>(459,595)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,724,333	\$ 3,197,343	\$ 3,115,907	\$ 3,045,293	\$ 3,121,395	\$ 3,105,782	\$ 3,060,779	\$ 2,959,401
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.88%	19.38%	19.13%	18.63%	18.13%	17.33%	16.43%	15.53%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

The schedule is presented to show information for ten years. Until information for the full ten year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE - HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND

DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.035560%	0.035792%	0.036839%	0.037473%	0.039531%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	337,897	402,302	501,205	487,005	512,538
District's covered payroll	3,724,333	3,197,343	3,115,907	3,045,293	3,121,395
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	9.07%	12.58%	16.09%	15.99%	16.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	32.78%	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

The schedule is presented to show information for ten years. Until information for the full ten-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND

DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 37,988	\$ 32,826	\$ 31,782	\$ 31,062	\$ 31,838
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	<u>(37,988)</u>	<u>(32,826)</u>	<u>(31,782)</u>	<u>(31,062)</u>	<u>(31,838)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,724,333	\$ 3,218,235	\$ 3,115,907	\$ 3,045,293	\$ 3,121,395
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

The schedule is presented to show information for ten years. Until information for the full ten year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY COLORADO

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

NOTE -1 BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgets are required by state law for all funds. At least thirty days prior to July 1, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed budget for all funds for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.

Public hearings are conducted by the Board of Education to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget must be adopted by formal resolution prior to June 30, although it may be subsequently revised by January 31 of the following year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between departments, within any fund and the reallocation of budget line items within any department or within any fund rests with the Superintendent of Schools. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the Board of Education throughout the fiscal year. Appropriations are based on total resources expected to be available in each budget year, including reserves as established by the Board of Education. Variances between budget and actual expenditures result from non-expenditure of reserves, nonoccurrence of anticipated events, scheduling of capital projects and normal operating variances.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PROGRAM TITLE	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed through to Sub- recipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Passed Through Colorado Department of Education:				
Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, 2021 (ESSER II)	* 84.425	4425R		\$ 492,486
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I)	* 84.425	4425D		<u>129,939</u>
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) - Cluster				622,425
Rural Education	84.358	4358		23,125
Passed Through Colorado Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	4010		127,892
Rural Education	84.358	6358		14,598
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	4365		<u>9,494</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education				<u>797,534</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Passed Through Colorado Department of Education:				
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	4012		536,916
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	5012		<u>26,714</u>
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				<u>563,630</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
Passed Through Colorado Department of Education:				
Summer Food Service Program For Children	* 10.559	4559		439,629
Passed Through State Department of Human Services:				
USDA Commodities	* 10.555	4555		<u>23,549</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster - Cluster				<u>463,178</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				<u>463,178</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				<u><u>\$1,824,342</u></u>

* Represents those programs that are considered to be clusters of programs.

BURLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6J
KIT CARSON COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE -1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Burlington School District RE-6J under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Burlington School District RE-6J, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Burlington School District RE-6J.

NOTE – 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE – 3 INDIRECT COST RATES

The Burlington School District RE-6J has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance. All grants have been received from the Colorado Department of Education (CDE). CDE calculates an allowable indirect cost rate for individual sub-recipients and mandates that the rate be used as the maximum for the recovery of indirect cost. The Burlington School District RE-6J has recovered indirect cost from grant funds at an amount no greater than that allowed by CDE.

NOTE – 4 NONCASH PROGRAMS

Commodities donated to the Burlington School District RE-6J by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) of \$23,549 are reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received. These are shown as part of the National School Lunch program (10.555).

NOTE – 5 SUB-RECIPIENTS

No payments were made to sub-recipients in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

HANCOCK FROESE & COMPANY LLC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
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ROCKY FORD, COLORADO 81067

Patrick A. Hancock CPA 719-688-0812
Andrew H. Froese CPA 719-980-1962

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Education
Burlington School District RE-6J
Burlington, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit and each major fund of the Burlington School District RE-6J's (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Burlington School District RE-6J's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Burlington School District RE-6J's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Burlington School District RE-6J's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Burlington School District RE-6J's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.


Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Burlington School District RE-6J's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Hancock Froese & Company LLC
Rocky Ford, Colorado
January 13, 2022

HANCOCK FROESE & COMPANY LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
601 SOUTH EIGHTH STREET
ROCKY FORD, COLORADO 81067

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education
Burlington School District RE-6J
Burlington, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Burlington School District RE-6J's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Burlington School District RE-6J's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Burlington School District RE-6J's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Burlington School District RE-6J's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Burlington School District RE-6J's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Burlington School District RE-6J's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Burlington School District RE-6J's complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Burlington School District RE-6J's is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Burlington School District RE-6J's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Burlington School District RE-6J's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hancock Froese & Company LLC

Hancock Froese & Company LLC

Rocky Ford, Colorado

January 13, 2022

**Burlington School District RE-6J
Kit Carson County, Colorado**

**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021**

Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor’s report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting as reported in the INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*:

- Material weakness(es) identified? ___ yes X no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? ___yes X no

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted ___yes X no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs as reported in the INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE:

- Material weakness(es) identified? ___ yes X no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? ___yes X no

Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major program: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a) ___yes X no

CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
21.019	Coronavirus Relief Fund
84.425	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee ___yes X no

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Programs

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Section IV – Prior Year Findings

There were no findings in the prior year that were required to be reported.

**COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AUDITORS' ELECTRONIC FINANCIAL
DATA INTEGRITY CHECK FIGURES**



Colorado Department of Education

Auditors Integrity Report

District: 1500 - Burlington RE-6J

Fiscal Year 2020-21

Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type & Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Governmental	+		-	=
10 General Fund	3,101,220	7,814,885	7,105,270	3,810,835
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	177,863	177,863	0
Sub- Total	3,101,220	7,992,747	7,283,133	3,810,835
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	40,943	475,574	346,872	169,645
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	0	0	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	168,296	195,451	184,914	178,833
24 Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	0	0	0
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	0	0	0	0
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	-18,471	107,599	134,831	-45,703
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	143,881	442	0	144,323
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	3,435,869	8,771,814	7,949,750	4,257,933
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0
Fiduciary				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0

FINAL